1. (13 pts) For the sample data

find the following statistics.

- (a) (5 pts) The mean
- (b) (5 pts) The standard deviation
- (c) (3 pts) The variance
- 2. (16 pts) For the data given in the previous problem, find the following statistics. (You may need the formula $r = 1 + \frac{p}{100}(n-1)$.
 - (a) (4 pts) The median
 - (b) (4 pts) The first and third quartiles
 - (c) (4 pts) The 60th percentile
 - (d) (4 pts) The percentile rank of 88
- 3. (8 pts) Using the data in the first problem and your results in the second problem,
 - (a) (5 pts) Draw a modified boxplot of the data.
 - (b) (3 pts) Based on your boxplot in part (a), describe the shape of the distribution of the data. Mention all important characteristics that can be inferred from the boxplot.
- 4. (20 pts) Suppose a set of scores on a statistics test has the distribution N(77, 13). Let the random variable X represent a test score selected at random from the set. Find the following.
 - (a) P(X < 90)
 - (b) P(60 < X < 100)
 - (c) The 60^{th} percentile of X
 - (d) The Statistics Department's policy is that only students who score in the top 10% on this test are eligible for the department's annual award. What is the cutoff score that separates the top 10% from the rest of the class?

(over)

5. (18 pts) If a coin is tossed three times, the probability of getting 0 heads is $\frac{1}{8}$, the probability of 1 heads is $\frac{3}{8}$, the probability of 2 heads is $\frac{3}{8}$, and the probability of 3 heads is $\frac{1}{8}$.

Now consider the following game. A coin is tossed three times. The player wins \$5.00 if there are no heads, \$10.00 is there is one heads, \$15.00 if there are two heads, and he loses \$50.00 if there are three heads. Let the random variable X be the amount of money won when this game is played.

- (a) (5 pts) Write the pdf of X as a table.
- (b) (5 pts) Find E(X).
- (c) (5 pts) Find the standard deviation of X.
- (d) (3 pts) Given that the player won at least \$5.00, what is the probability that he won at least \$10.00?
- 6. (25 pts) At a restaurant the manager is concerned with the time it takes for a customer to receive his meal, once he orders. He will conduct a survey of one customer, measuring the waiting time. Let X be the waiting time. Based on the value he observes, he will choose between the two competing hypothetical models described as follows.
 - H_0 : X has a uniform distribution from 5 minutes to 10 minutes.
 - H_1 : X has a uniform distribution from 5 minutes to 20 minutes.
 - (a) Sketch the pdfs of X under each of the two hypotheses, showing all relevant features.
 - (b) If H_0 is true, what is the probability that a randomly selected customer waits at least 8 minutes for his meal?
 - (c) In this part and the next, let the decision rule be to reject H_0 if X > 9. Shade the part of your diagram in part (a) that represents α , label it " α ", and then find the value of α .
 - (d) Shade the part of your diagram in part (a) that represents β , label it " β ", and then find the value of β .
 - (e) If the observed waiting time is 7.5 minutes, what is the p-value?